

FD INTERNATIONAL SHARE FUNDS

**DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019**

**AMP Capital Funds Management Limited
33 Alfred Street,
Sydney, NSW 2000
ACN 159 557 721**

FD INTERNATIONAL SHARE FUNDS

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FD INTERNATIONAL SHARE FUNDS

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors of AMP Capital Funds Management Limited (ABN 15 159 557 721), the "Responsible Entity" of the FD International Share Funds (the "Schemes"), listed below, present their report together with the Financial Report of the Schemes for the financial year ended 31 December 2019.

Scheme Name	ARSN
FD International Share Fund 1	108 275 350
FD International Share Fund 3	108 275 798

Directors

The Directors of the Responsible Entity during the financial year and up to the date of this report are shown below. Directors were in office for this entire period except where stated otherwise:

Ming Yen Long	Non-Executive Director	
Robert Victor McKinnon	Non-Executive Director	
John Patrick Moorhead	Executive Director	Resigned 2 June 2019
Peter Joseph Seymour Rowe	Non-Executive Director	
Adam Michael Tindall	Executive Director	
Adrian Arthur Williams	Executive Director	Appointed 3 June 2019

Scheme Information

The Schemes are Australian Registered Schemes. AMP Capital Funds Management Limited, the Responsible Entity of the Schemes, is incorporated and domiciled in Australia.

The registered office of the Responsible Entity is located at 33 Alfred Street, Sydney, NSW 2000.

Principal Activity

The principal activity of the Schemes is the investment of unitholders' funds in accordance with each Scheme's mandate. There has been no significant change in the nature of this activity during the financial year.

Review of Results and Operations

The performance of the Schemes as represented by the results of operations, was as follows:

	Net profit/(loss) attributable to unitholders after tax expenses and before finance costs		Distributions to unitholders paid and/or payable during the financial year	
	31 December 2019	31 December 2018	31 December 2019	31 December 2018
	\$	\$	\$	\$
FD International Share Fund 1	67,052,296	(5,924,837)	40,244,020	51,781,366
FD International Share Fund 3	222,348,170	20,315,224	91,434,010	122,151,755

Significant Changes in the State of Affairs

There have been no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Schemes during the financial year ended 31 December 2019.

FD INTERNATIONAL SHARE FUNDS

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

Significant Events After the Balance Date

As at the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any matter or circumstance that has arisen since the end of the financial year that has significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Schemes, the results of their operations or their state of affairs, which is not already reflected in the Financial Report.

Likely Developments and Expected Results

The investment strategy will be maintained in accordance with each Scheme's Constitution. Currently, there are no significant developments expected in respect of the Schemes. The performance of the Schemes in the future will be subject to movements in the underlying investment markets over time.

Environmental Regulation and Performance

The operations of the Schemes are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulations under a Commonwealth, State or Territory law.

Relevant Information

Following is a list of relevant information required under the Corporations Act:

- Fees paid to the Responsible Entity - refer to Note 8 to the Financial Statements
- Units held by the Responsible Entity in the Schemes - refer to Note 8 to the Financial Statements
- Units issued in the Schemes during the financial year - refer to Note 6 to the Financial Statements
- Units withdrawn from the Schemes during the financial year - refer to Note 6 to the Financial Statements
- The value of the Schemes' assets and basis of valuation - refer to the Statements of Financial Position and Note 1 respectively
- The number of units in the Schemes as at 31 December 2019 - refer to Note 6 to the Financial Statements
- Distributions payable to unitholders at the balance date - refer to the Statements of Financial Position

These notes have been presented in accordance with ASIC Corporations (Directors' Report Relief) Instrument 2016/188.

Indemnification and Insurance of Directors and Officers

Under its constitution, AMP Capital Funds Management Limited (the Company) indemnifies, to the extent permitted by law, all current and former officers of the Company (including the directors) against any liability (including the reasonable costs and expenses of defending proceedings for an actual or alleged liability) incurred in their capacity as an officer of the Company. This indemnity is not extended to current or former employees of the AMP group against liability incurred in their capacity as an employee, unless approved by or on behalf of the AMP Limited (the Company's ultimate parent company) Board.

During, and since the end of, the financial year ended 31 December 2019, AMP Limited maintained, and paid the premium for, directors' and officers' and company reimbursement insurance for the benefit of all of the officers of the AMP group (including each director, secretary and senior manager of the Company) against certain liabilities as permitted by the Corporations Act. The insurance policy prohibits disclosure of the nature of the liabilities covered, the amount of the premium payable and the limit of liability.

In addition, AMP Group Holdings Limited ("AMPGH") and current and former directors and secretaries of the Company are parties to deeds of indemnity, insurance and access. Those deeds provide that:

- those officers will have access to board papers and specified records of the Company (and of certain other companies) for their period of office and for at least ten (or, in some cases, seven) years after they cease to hold office (subject to certain conditions);
- AMPGH indemnifies the relevant officers to the extent permitted by law, and to the extent and for the amount that the relevant officer is not otherwise entitled to be, and is not actually, indemnified by another person;
- the indemnity covers liabilities (including legal costs) incurred by the relevant officer in their capacity as a current or former director or secretary (and, in the case of directors, as a current or former officer or specified representative) of the Company, or of another AMP group company or, in certain cases, of an external company (where the person holds the relevant external position at the AMP group's request); and
- the AMP group will maintain directors' and officers' insurance cover for those officers, to the extent permitted by law, for the period of their office and for at least ten years after they cease to hold office.

During or since the end of the financial year ended 31 December 2019, no payments have been made by the Company to an existing or former officer under an indemnity.

FD INTERNATIONAL SHARE FUNDS

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

Auditor's Independence Declaration

We have obtained an independence declaration from our auditors, Ernst & Young, a copy of which is attached to this report and forms part of the Directors' Report for the financial year ended 31 December 2019.

Related Scheme Reports

ASIC Corporations (Related Scheme Reports) Instrument 2015/839 allows the Financial Statements and the Directors' Report of related registered schemes to be presented in a single Financial Report. This Financial Report has been prepared in accordance with this relief.

Rounding

The amounts contained in the Directors' Report and the Financial Report have been rounded under the option available to the Schemes under ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191. The Schemes are entities to which the instrument applies and, in accordance with the instrument, amounts in the Directors' Report and the Financial Report have been rounded to the nearest dollar (where rounding is appropriate).

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors:



Director
12 March 2020, Sydney



**Building a better
working world**

Ernst & Young
200 George Street
Sydney NSW 2000 Australia
GPO Box 2646 Sydney NSW 2001

Tel: +61 2 9248 5555
Fax: +61 2 9248 5959
ey.com/au

Auditor's Independence Declaration to the Directors of AMP Capital Funds Management Limited

For the following FD International Share Funds (the "Schemes"):

- ▶ FD International Share Fund 1
- ▶ FD International Share Fund 3

As lead auditor for the audits of the financial reports of the above Schemes for the financial year ended 31 December 2019, I declare to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- a) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- b) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Ernst & Young

Mark Jones
Partner
12 March 2020

FD INTERNATIONAL SHARE FUNDS

STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

	Notes	FD International Share Fund 1		FD International Share Fund 3	
		31 December 2019 \$	31 December 2018 \$	31 December 2019 \$	31 December 2018 \$
INVESTMENT INCOME					
Dividends		13,093,421	13,487,335	15,217,364	14,453,843
Distributions		322,688	163,810	259,788	306,310
Interest income from financial assets measured at amortised cost		153,992	248,777	483,818	427,444
Net foreign exchange gain/(loss) on cash and cash equivalents		(76,917)	57,542	(296,008)	998,538
Net changes in the fair value of financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss		56,111,703	(17,426,785)	211,084,788	8,593,984
Securities lending income		38,310	19,729	74,300	34,839
Other income		26,211	17,488	10,466	52,316
Total investment income/(loss)		69,669,408	(3,432,104)	226,834,516	24,867,274
EXPENSES					
Interest expense		(415)	-	-	(274)
Responsible entity fees	8(c)	(212,864)	(309,811)	(320,743)	(317,347)
Performance fees		-	-	(642,629)	(1,942,049)
Transaction costs		(546,347)	(400,286)	(246,175)	(326,519)
American depository receipt fees		(17,100)	(20,277)	(9,687)	(4,952)
Securities lending fees - agent		(9,750)	(5,918)	(18,979)	(10,452)
Securities lending fees - service provider	8(c)	(3,831)	(1,973)	(7,430)	(3,484)
Stamp duty		(171,220)	(95,649)	(251,431)	(188,646)
Other expenses		(10,081)	(37,047)	(6,138)	(7,973)
Total expenses		(971,608)	(870,961)	(1,503,212)	(2,801,696)
NET PROFIT/(LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS BEFORE TAX EXPENSES AND FINANCE COSTS		68,697,800	(4,303,065)	225,331,304	22,065,578
Withholding tax expense		(1,645,504)	(1,621,772)	(2,983,134)	(1,750,354)
NET PROFIT/(LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS AFTER TAX EXPENSES AND BEFORE FINANCE COSTS		67,052,296	(5,924,837)	222,348,170	20,315,224
Finance costs attributable to unitholders					
Distributions to unitholders		(40,244,020)	(51,781,366)	(91,434,010)	(122,151,755)
(Increase)/decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders		(26,808,276)	57,706,203	(130,914,160)	101,836,531
NET PROFIT/(LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS AFTER TAX EXPENSES AND FINANCE COSTS		-	-	-	-
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		-	-	-	-

FD INTERNATIONAL SHARE FUNDS

**STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2019**

	Notes	FD International Share Fund 1		FD International Share Fund 3	
		31 December 2019 \$	31 December 2018 \$	31 December 2019 \$	31 December 2018 \$
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents		23,721,151	20,516,818	13,213,392	28,638,154
Broker deposits		622,893	2,200,055	-	-
Receivables	3	4,803,748	1,407,208	4,268,937	4,688,065
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss					
Listed securities		332,410,113	352,368,562	768,250,177	731,071,066
Listed securities on loan		6,055,196	6,547,846	88,896,022	30,460,427
Derivative financial instruments		959,770	932,679	81,335	756
TOTAL ASSETS		<u>368,572,871</u>	<u>383,973,168</u>	<u>874,709,863</u>	<u>794,858,468</u>
LIABILITIES					
Payables	4	789,278	1,826,999	1,557,555	1,314,062
Distributions payable		5,845,510	3,544,973	2,554,710	1,015,183
Provisions	5	-	-	472,133	-
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss					
Derivative financial instruments		1,464,078	1,163,556	75,875	13,436
TOTAL LIABILITIES EXCLUDING NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS - LIABILITY		<u>8,098,866</u>	<u>6,535,528</u>	<u>4,660,273</u>	<u>2,342,681</u>
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS - LIABILITY		<u>360,474,005</u>	<u>377,437,640</u>	<u>870,049,590</u>	<u>792,515,787</u>

FD INTERNATIONAL SHARE FUNDS

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS - LIABILITY
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

	FD International Share Fund 1		FD International Share Fund 3	
	31 December 2019	31 December 2018	31 December 2019	31 December 2018
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at the beginning of the financial year - Liability	377,437,640	468,838,689	792,515,787	892,995,452
Applications	9,002,115	10,316,899	16,581,246	27,117,709
Distributions to unitholders reinvested	37,862,242	53,489,886	89,848,035	124,007,890
Redemptions	(90,636,268)	(97,501,631)	(159,809,638)	(149,768,733)
	<u>333,665,729</u>	<u>435,143,843</u>	<u>739,135,430</u>	<u>894,352,318</u>
Increase/(decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders	26,808,276	(57,706,203)	130,914,160	(101,836,531)
Balance at the end of the financial year - Liability	<u><u>360,474,005</u></u>	<u><u>377,437,640</u></u>	<u><u>870,049,590</u></u>	<u><u>792,515,787</u></u>

FD INTERNATIONAL SHARE FUNDS

**STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019**

	Notes	FD International Share Fund 1		FD International Share Fund 3	
		31 December 2019	31 December 2018	31 December 2019	31 December 2018
		\$	\$	\$	\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from sales of financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss		564,690,075	461,744,701	468,266,629	612,097,985
Payments for purchases of financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss		(492,650,917)	(373,535,677)	(351,932,038)	(500,015,779)
Broker deposits received/(advanced)		1,577,162	(2,200,008)	-	-
Dividends received		13,021,756	13,720,608	15,012,324	14,229,504
Distributions received		318,627	181,978	263,649	295,255
Interest income received		168,584	234,985	502,538	412,298
Interest expense paid		(415)	-	(274)	(124)
GST received/(paid)		749	(57)	118	(906)
Securities lending income received		38,310	19,729	74,300	34,839
Other income received		26,211	17,488	10,466	52,316
Responsible entity fees paid		(213,028)	(313,316)	(317,955)	(318,044)
Performance fees paid		-	-	(170,496)	(2,648,670)
Stamp duty paid		(171,220)	(95,649)	(251,431)	(188,646)
Transaction costs paid		(541,339)	(399,796)	(243,895)	(322,910)
Withholding tax paid		(1,765,431)	(1,759,242)	(3,264,314)	(1,928,329)
American depository receipt fees paid		(17,100)	(20,277)	(9,687)	(4,952)
Securities lending fees paid - agent		(9,750)	(5,918)	(18,979)	(10,452)
Securities lending fees paid - service provider		(3,831)	(1,973)	(7,430)	(3,484)
Other expenses paid		(10,081)	(37,047)	(6,138)	(7,973)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	7(a)	<u>84,458,362</u>	<u>97,550,529</u>	<u>127,907,387</u>	<u>121,671,928</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from applications by unitholders		9,001,989	10,316,899	16,581,246	27,117,709
Payments for redemptions by unitholders		(90,097,860)	(97,369,571)	(159,570,939)	(148,489,469)
Distributions paid to unitholders		(81,241)	(104,055)	(46,448)	(111,292)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities		<u>(81,177,112)</u>	<u>(87,156,727)</u>	<u>(143,036,141)</u>	<u>(121,483,052)</u>
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents held		3,281,250	10,393,802	(15,128,754)	188,876
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		20,516,818	10,065,474	28,638,154	27,450,740
Net foreign exchange gain/(loss) on cash and cash equivalents		(76,917)	57,542	(296,008)	998,538
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR*		<u>23,721,151</u>	<u>20,516,818</u>	<u>13,213,392</u>	<u>28,638,154</u>

*Cash and cash equivalents include investments in unlisted cash trusts. Further details are disclosed in Note 1(i) Cash and Cash Equivalents and Note 8(b)(i) Related party holdings.

FD INTERNATIONAL SHARE FUNDS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the Financial Report are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to the current financial year and the comparative period, unless otherwise stated. Where necessary, comparative information has been re-presented to be consistent with current period disclosures.

(a) Basis of Preparation

This general purpose Financial Report has been prepared in accordance with each Scheme's Constitution and with Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board ("AASB") and the Corporations Act. The Schemes are for-profit entities for the purposes of preparing Financial Statements. The Financial Report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

The assets and liabilities are measured on a fair value basis, except where otherwise stated.

The Statements of Financial Position presents assets and liabilities in decreasing order of liquidity and does not distinguish between current and non-current items. All of the Schemes' assets and liabilities are held for the purpose of being traded or are expected to be realised within 12 months, except for net assets attributable to unitholders. Given the nature of the Schemes, a reasonable estimate cannot be made of the amount of the balances that are unlikely to be settled within 12 months.

Changes in Australian Accounting Standards

The Schemes have adopted all mandatory standards and amendments for the financial year beginning 1 January 2019. Adoption of these standards and amendments has not had any material effect on the financial position or performance of the Schemes.

Australian Accounting Standards issued but not yet effective

There are no standards or amendments issued but not yet effective that are expected to have a material impact on the Schemes.

(b) Recognition and Derecognition of Financial Assets and Liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised at the date the Schemes become a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial assets expire or are transferred. A transfer occurs when substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are passed to a third party.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired.

(c) Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss

The Responsible Entity classifies the Schemes' financial instruments based on their business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The Schemes' portfolio of financial assets is managed, and their performance are evaluated, on a fair value basis in accordance with the Schemes' documented investment strategy. The Schemes use fair value information to assess performance of the portfolio and to make decisions to rebalance the portfolio or to realise fair value gains or minimise losses through sales or other trading strategies.

The valuation processes applied in valuing financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss are governed by the AMP Capital Holdings Limited Asset Valuation policy which has been adopted by the Responsible Entity. This Policy outlines the valuation methodologies and processes applied to measure such financial instruments.

Equity securities are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial assets are initially measured at fair value determined as the purchase cost of the financial asset, exclusive of any transaction costs. Transaction costs are expensed as incurred in the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Any realised and unrealised gains and losses arising from subsequent measurement to fair value are recognised in the Statements of Comprehensive Income as 'Net changes in the fair value of financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss' in the period in which they arise.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the fair value of financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss is determined as follows:

FD INTERNATIONAL SHARE FUNDS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(c) Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (continued)

Securities on Loan

The Schemes participate in a securities lending program. The securities of the Schemes may be lent to approved borrowers, such as brokers and other financial institutions. The borrower lodges collateral against the securities lent either in the form of cash or approved securities.

During the term of the loan, the Schemes remain entitled to all dividends, distributions and interest income and retains all voting rights, where applicable, in respect of the loaned securities. Securities lent may be recalled and are required to be returned within the normal settlement periods applicable to the securities.

Listed securities

Listed securities include investments in listed managed investment funds and shareholdings in listed companies. The fair value of listed securities is the "bid" price of those securities, as quoted on their primary exchange at the balance date. If any listed securities are suspended from the relevant exchange at balance date, fair value is determined by reference to the last traded price, unless it is determined that another valuation basis is more appropriate.

Certain listed securities are on loan. The listed securities continue to be recognised in the Statements of Financial Position as the contractual rights to cash flows and the ability to dispose of the securities are retained by the Schemes.

The fair value of the loaned listed securities remains the "bid" price of those securities as quoted on their primary exchange at the balance date.

(d) Derivative Financial Instruments

Derivative financial instruments are held for trading and are measured at fair value through profit or loss. The Schemes do not designate any derivatives as a hedging instrument for hedge accounting purposes. Derivative financial instruments are initially measured at fair value exclusive of any transaction costs on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to fair value. Transaction costs are expensed as incurred in the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Derivative financial instruments are recognised as assets when their fair value is positive and as liabilities when their fair value is negative. Any changes in the fair value of derivative financial instruments are recognised in the Statements of Comprehensive Income as 'Net changes in the fair value of financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss' in the period in which they arise.

Where the Schemes' derivative assets and liabilities are traded on an exchange, their fair value is determined by reference to quoted market prices or binding dealer quotations at the balance date.

Where the Schemes' derivative assets and liabilities are not traded on an exchange, their fair value is determined by reference to counterparty valuations or by the Investment Manager.

The valuation processes applied in valuing financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss are governed by the AMP Capital Holdings Limited Asset Valuation policy which has been adopted by the Responsible Entity. This Policy outlines the valuation methodologies and processes applied to measure such financial instruments.

Futures contracts

Futures contracts are contractual obligations to buy or sell financial instruments on a future date at a specified price established in an organised market. The fair value of equity and interest rate futures contracts is the last quoted sale price on the relevant futures exchange at the balance date.

Forward foreign exchange contracts

Forward currency contracts are agreements to receive or deliver a fixed quantity of foreign currency for an agreed upon price on an agreed future date. The fair value of forward foreign exchange contracts is determined by reference to currency exchange rates available from market observable sources at the balance date.

(e) Significant Accounting Judgements, Estimates and Assumptions

The making of judgements, estimates and assumptions is a necessary part of the financial reporting process and these judgements, estimates and assumptions can have a significant effect on the reported amounts in the Financial Report. Estimates and assumptions are determined based on information available at the time of preparing the Financial Report and actual results may differ from these estimates and assumptions. Had different estimates and assumptions been adopted, this may have had a significant impact on the Financial Report. Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions are re-evaluated at each balance date in light of historical experience and changes to reasonable expectations of future events. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected. Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions include but are not limited to:

FD INTERNATIONAL SHARE FUNDS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(e) Significant Accounting Judgements, Estimates and Assumptions (continued)

Fair value measurement of investments in financial instruments

The majority of the Schemes' investments are financial instruments held for trading and are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Where available, quoted market prices for the same or similar instrument are used to determine fair value. Where there is no market price available for an instrument, a valuation technique is used. Judgement is applied in selecting valuation techniques and setting valuation assumptions and inputs. Further details on the determination of fair value of financial assets and derivative financial instruments is set out in Note 1(c), 1(d) and 9(d).

(f) Investment Income

The following specific recognition criteria must be met before income is recognised:

Dividend income

Dividends from listed companies are recognised as income on the date the share is quoted ex-dividend with any related foreign withholding tax recognised as a tax expense.

Distribution income

Distributions from listed managed investment funds are recognised as income on the date the unit is quoted ex-distribution with any related foreign withholding tax recognised as a tax expense.

Net changes in the fair value of financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss

Net changes in the fair value of financial instruments are recognised as income and are determined as the difference between the fair value at the balance date or consideration received (if sold during the financial year) and the fair value as at the prior balance date or initial fair value (if acquired during the financial year).

Interest income from financial assets measured at amortised cost

Interest income from financial assets measured at amortised cost is earned on cash and cash equivalents and is recognised on an accrual basis.

Securities lending income

Securities lending income as part of a securities lending program that the Schemes participate in is recognised on an accrual basis with any related expenses recognised as security lending fees.

(g) Expenses

Expenses are recognised in the Statements of Comprehensive Income on an accrual basis.

(h) Broker Deposits

Broker deposits comprise cash held with brokers as collateral for derivative transactions.

(i) Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the Statements of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents include deposits held at call with a bank or financial institution with an original maturity date of three months or less. Cash and cash equivalents also include investments in unlisted cash trusts (including related party holdings - refer to Note 8(b)(i)), which are readily convertible to cash on hand at the Responsible Entity's option and which the Responsible Entity uses in its day to day management of the Schemes' cash requirements.

(j) Receivables

Receivables are recognised for amounts where settlement has not yet occurred. Receivables are measured at amortised cost and are generally received within 30 days of being recognised as receivables. Given the short-term nature of most receivables, their carrying amounts approximate their fair values.

Impairment

The Schemes record expected credit losses (ECLs) on all of its receivables, either on a 12-month or lifetime basis. Given the limited exposure of the Schemes to credit risk, no material ECL has been recognised. The Schemes only hold receivables with no financing component and that have maturities of less than 12 months.

FD INTERNATIONAL SHARE FUNDS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(k) Payables

Payables are recognised for amounts to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Schemes. Payables are measured at their nominal amounts. Amounts are generally paid within 30 days of being recognised as payables. Given the short-term nature of most payables, their nominal amounts approximate their fair values.

(l) Provisions

Provisions are liabilities of uncertain timing or amounts. Performance fees payable by the Scheme are recognised as a provision as the amount reflected in the Statement of Financial Position is a reliable estimate, based on current calculations, of the final amount payable.

(m) Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders

Net assets attributable to unitholders comprise units on issue and undistributed reserves. On 5 May 2016, the Attribution Managed Investment Trust ("AMIT") tax regime, applying to Managed Investment Trusts was enacted under the Tax Laws Amendment (New Tax System for Managed Investment Trusts) Act 2016. In order to allow the Schemes to elect into the AMIT tax regime, each Scheme's Constitution has been amended and other conditions required to adopt the AMIT tax regime have also been met effective from 31 December 2018. Adopting the AMIT tax regime removes the Responsible Entity's contractual obligation to distribute trust income to unitholders. As the units on issue comprise multiple classes of units with non-identical features, the Schemes' net assets attributable to unitholders cannot be classified as equity; and therefore, have continued to be classified as liabilities in accordance with AASB 132 Financial Instruments: Presentation. As there are no equity holders, total comprehensive income and equity for the Schemes are nil.

The fair value of units requested to be redeemed is measured at the redemption amount that would be payable (based on the exit unit price) at the balance date. Each Scheme's redemption unit price is based on different valuation principles to that applied in financial reporting, resulting in a valuation difference which is treated as a component of net assets attributable to unitholders. Units are redeemable at the unitholders' option, however, applications and redemptions may be suspended by the Responsible Entity if it is in the best interest of the unitholders.

(n) Taxation

Under tax legislation, the Schemes are generally not liable to pay income tax because the AMIT tax regime now applies and unitholders are attributed the income of each Scheme.

The Schemes currently incur withholding tax imposed by certain countries on investment income. Such income is recognised gross of withholding tax in the Statements of Comprehensive Income and the withholding tax is recognised as a tax expense.

(o) Distributions to Unitholders

Distributions are presented in the Statements of Comprehensive Income as finance costs attributable to unitholders. Adopting the AMIT tax regime removes the Responsible Entity's contractual obligation to distribute trust income to unitholders.

(p) Foreign Currency Transactions

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the Financial Report are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the "functional currency"). The presentation currency of this Financial Report, and the functional currency of the Schemes, is the Australian dollar.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Income and expense items denominated in a currency other than the functional currency are translated at the spot exchange rate at the date of the transaction. All monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated to Australian dollars using the exchange rate at the balance date, with exchange gains and losses recognised in the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Non-monetary items measured at fair value in foreign currencies are translated to Australian dollars using the exchange rate at the date when the fair value was determined.

FD INTERNATIONAL SHARE FUNDS

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019**

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(q) Terms and Conditions of Units on Issue

The Schemes contain multiple unit classes. Each unit, within a unit class, confers upon the unitholder an equal interest in the Schemes (subject to income entitlements), and is of equal value. A unit does not confer an interest in any particular asset or investment of the Schemes.

Unitholders have various rights under each Scheme's Constitution and the Corporations Act, which, subject to certain terms and conditions, include the right to:

- have their units redeemed
- attend and vote at meetings of unitholders
- participate in the termination and winding up of the Schemes.

The rights, obligations and restrictions attached to each unitholder class are identical in all respects other than the minimum investment requirements and/or fee structures applicable to each class. These terms are detailed in each Scheme's Constitution and other governing documents, as applicable.

Issued and paid up units are initially recognised at the fair value of the consideration received by the Schemes. Applications received for units in the Schemes are recognised net of any transaction costs arising on the issue of units in the Schemes. Redemptions from the Schemes are recognised gross of any transaction costs payable relating to the cancellation of units redeemed. Unit entry and exit prices are determined in accordance with each Scheme's Constitution.

(r) Goods and Services Tax ("GST")

All income, expenses and assets are recognised net of any GST paid, except where they relate to products and services which are input taxed for GST purposes or the GST incurred is not recoverable from the relevant tax authorities. In such circumstances, the GST paid is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the assets or as part of the relevant expense.

Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included. The net amount of GST recoverable from or payable to the tax authorities is included as a receivable or payable in the Statements of Financial Position.

Cash flows are disclosed on a gross basis reflecting any GST paid or collected. The GST component of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, local tax authorities are classified as operating cash flows.

(s) Rounding

The amounts in the Financial Report have been rounded to the nearest dollar, under the option available to the Schemes under ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191.

FD INTERNATIONAL SHARE FUNDS

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019**

NOTE 2: AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

	FD International Share Fund 1		FD International Share Fund 3	
	31 December 2019	31 December 2018	31 December 2019	31 December 2018
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Amounts paid or payable to Ernst & Young, the auditor of the Schemes, for:				
Audit and review of the Financial Statements of the Schemes	14,850	14,560	14,850	14,560
Other services - audit of compliance plan	2,008	1,240	2,008	1,240
	<u>16,858</u>	<u>15,800</u>	<u>16,858</u>	<u>15,800</u>

For further details of expenses incurred by the Responsible Entity and the Schemes, refer to Note 8(c).

NOTE 3: RECEIVABLES

	FD International Share Fund 1		FD International Share Fund 3	
	31 December 2019	31 December 2018	31 December 2019	31 December 2018
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Dividends receivable	596,931	525,266	253,346	377,857
Distributions receivable	19,352	15,291	45,475	49,336
Interest receivable	3,517	18,109	10,314	29,034
Outstanding settlements receivable	3,613,190	397,088	3,086,772	3,639,870
Applications receivable*	126	-	-	-
GST receivable	4,776	5,525	8,244	8,362
Withholding tax reclaims receivable	565,856	445,929	864,786	583,606
	<u>4,803,748</u>	<u>1,407,208</u>	<u>4,268,937</u>	<u>4,688,065</u>

*Applications receivable represents uncontributed capital.

NOTE 4: PAYABLES

	FD International Share Fund 1		FD International Share Fund 3	
	31 December 2019	31 December 2018	31 December 2019	31 December 2018
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Responsible entity fees payable	23,228	23,392	28,106	25,318
Interest payable	-	-	-	274
Transaction costs payable	6,076	1,068	5,889	3,609
Outstanding settlements payable	18,402	1,599,375	-	-
Redemptions payable	737,162	198,754	1,517,963	1,279,264
Other expenses payable	4,410	4,410	5,597	5,597
	<u>789,278</u>	<u>1,826,999</u>	<u>1,557,555</u>	<u>1,314,062</u>

NOTE 5: PROVISIONS

	FD International Share Fund 1		FD International Share Fund 3	
	31 December 2019	31 December 2018	31 December 2019	31 December 2018
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Performance fees provision	-	-	472,133	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>472,133</u>	<u>-</u>

FD INTERNATIONAL SHARE FUNDS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

NOTE 6: NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS

The movement in the number of units on issue during the financial year was as follows:

	FD International Share Fund 1		FD International Share Fund 3	
	31 December 2019	31 December 2018	31 December 2019	31 December 2018
	Units	Units	Units	Units
Units on issue				
Opening balance	400,899,378	431,051,005	836,606,626	832,000,868
Applications	9,010,156	9,567,294	15,773,326	25,534,619
Distributions to unitholders reinvested	39,712,105	53,104,842	88,449,880	122,251,970
Redemptions	(91,739,415)	(92,823,763)	(152,834,140)	(143,180,831)
Closing balance	<u>357,882,224</u>	<u>400,899,378</u>	<u>787,995,692</u>	<u>836,606,626</u>
Represented by:				
Retail Class				
Opening balance	7,024,161	7,541,901	7,231,557	7,293,742
Applications	182,998	374,705	292,290	550,374
Distributions to unitholders reinvested	538,753	757,684	610,289	905,650
Redemptions	(1,269,859)	(1,650,129)	(1,607,189)	(1,518,209)
Closing balance	<u>6,476,053</u>	<u>7,024,161</u>	<u>6,526,947</u>	<u>7,231,557</u>
No Fee Class				
Opening balance	389,202,208	419,504,334	-	-
Applications	7,957,321	8,274,199	-	-
Distributions to unitholders reinvested	38,784,563	51,928,652	-	-
Redemptions	(89,440,971)	(90,504,977)	-	-
Closing balance	<u>346,503,121</u>	<u>389,202,208</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
No Fee 1 Class				
Opening balance	-	-	823,023,395	819,695,951
Applications	-	-	14,341,247	23,388,749
Distributions to unitholders reinvested	-	-	87,662,284	120,650,180
Redemptions	-	-	(149,658,284)	(140,711,485)
Closing balance	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>775,368,642</u>	<u>823,023,395</u>
Explicit Pricing Class				
Opening balance	4,673,009	4,004,770	6,351,674	5,011,175
Applications	869,837	918,390	1,139,789	1,595,496
Distributions to unitholders reinvested	388,789	418,506	177,307	696,140
Redemptions	(1,028,585)	(668,657)	(1,568,667)	(951,137)
Closing balance	<u>4,903,050</u>	<u>4,673,009</u>	<u>6,100,103</u>	<u>6,351,674</u>

FD INTERNATIONAL SHARE FUNDS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

NOTE 7: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	FD International Share Fund 1		FD International Share Fund 3	
	31 December 2019 \$	31 December 2018 \$	31 December 2019 \$	31 December 2018 \$
(a) Reconciliation of net profit/(loss) attributable to unitholders after tax expenses and before finance costs to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities				
Net profit/(loss) attributable to unitholders after tax expenses and before finance costs	67,052,296	(5,924,837)	222,348,170	20,315,224
Proceeds from sales of financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss	564,690,075	461,744,701	468,266,629	612,097,985
Payments for purchases of financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss	(492,650,917)	(373,535,677)	(351,932,038)	(500,015,779)
Net changes in the fair value of financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss	(56,111,703)	17,426,785	(211,084,788)	(8,593,984)
Investment income reinvested	-	-	(329,551)	(199,943)
Net foreign exchange (gain)/loss on cash and cash equivalents	76,917	(57,542)	296,008	(998,538)
Net change in broker deposits/(advances)	1,577,162	(2,200,008)	-	-
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
(Increase)/decrease in receivables	(180,312)	100,122	(133,970)	(229,478)
Increase/(decrease) in payables and provisions	4,844	(3,015)	476,927	(703,559)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	84,458,362	97,550,529	127,907,387	121,671,928
(b) Non-cash financing and operating activities				
Non-cash financing and operating activities carried out during the financial year on normal commercial terms and conditions comprised:				
Distributions to unitholders reinvested	37,862,242	53,489,886	89,848,035	124,007,890
Participation in reinvestment plans	-	-	329,551	199,943

FD INTERNATIONAL SHARE FUNDS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

NOTE 8: RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

(a) General Information

The Responsible Entity of the Schemes is AMP Capital Funds Management Limited, a subsidiary of AMP Limited.

(b) Investments

(i) Related party holdings of the Schemes

Details of the Schemes' holdings in related parties, including entities in the same group as the Responsible Entity and other Schemes managed by the Responsible Entity, are set out below:

	Fair value		Interest held		Interest received or receivable during the financial year	
	31 December 2019	31 December 2018	31 December 2019	31 December 2018	31 December 2019	31 December 2018
FD International Share Fund 1						
AMP Capital Managed Cash Fund	2,044,120	-	0.04	-	17,302	29,894
FD International Share Fund 3						
AMP Capital Managed Cash Fund	-	4,393,618	-	0.08	36,953	75,001

(ii) Related party investors in the Schemes

Details of related party investors in the Schemes, including the Responsible Entity, entities in the same group as the Responsible Entity and other Schemes managed by the Responsible Entity, are set out below:

	Number of units held	Interest held %	Number of units acquired during the financial year	Number of units disposed of during the financial year	Distributions paid or payable during the financial year \$
FD International Share Fund 1					
31 December 2019					
AMP Life Limited	346,503,120	96.29	46,741,883	(89,440,971)	39,020,661
31 December 2018					
AMP Life Limited	389,202,208	96.64	60,202,851	(90,504,978)	50,361,289
AMP Life Limited is the parent entity of this Scheme. AMP Limited is the ultimate parent entity.					
FD International Share Fund 3					
31 December 2019					
AMP Life Limited	775,368,642	98.21	102,003,531	(149,658,284)	90,589,205
31 December 2018					
AMP Life Limited	823,023,395	98.25	144,038,929	(140,711,484)	120,305,130
AMP Life Limited is the parent entity of this Scheme. AMP Limited is the ultimate parent entity.					

FD INTERNATIONAL SHARE FUNDS

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019**

NOTE 8: RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (Continued)

(c) Transactions with the Responsible Entity and its Related Parties

All transactions between the Schemes and related parties have been at market value on normal commercial terms and conditions. This includes purchases and sales of financial instruments, as well as applications and redemptions of units.

In accordance with each Scheme's Constitution, the Responsible Entity is entitled to receive fees for the provision of services to the Schemes and to be reimbursed for certain expenditure incurred in the administration of the Schemes.

	31 December 2019	31 December 2018
Responsible entity fees expensed during the financial year	\$	\$
FD International Share Fund 1	212,864	309,811
FD International Share Fund 3	320,743	317,347

During the financial year the Responsible Entity incurred certain expenses on behalf of the Schemes. Other expenses incurred by the Responsible Entity may be reimbursable from the Schemes to the Responsible Entity in accordance with each Scheme's Constitution and other governing documents, as applicable.

During the financial year the Schemes paid securities lending fees to the service provider, AMP Capital Investors Limited, a related party of the Schemes.

	31 December 2019	31 December 2018
Securities lending fees expensed during the financial year	\$	\$
FD International Share Fund 1	3,831	1,973
FD International Share Fund 3	7,430	3,484

(d) Key Management Personnel

AASB 124 "Related Party Disclosures" defines key management personnel ("KMP") as including all Non-Executive Directors, Executive Directors and any other persons having authority or responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Schemes. The Schemes have no direct employees, however the Directors of the Responsible Entity have been deemed to be Directors of the Schemes. These individuals comprise the KMP of the Schemes.

Key management personnel services are provided by the Responsible Entity and the remuneration paid to the Responsible Entity is detailed in Note 8(c) above. No Director of the Responsible Entity was paid any remuneration by the Schemes during the financial year. Compensation paid to these Directors by the Responsible Entity, or related entities of the Responsible Entity, is not related to services they render to the individual funds.

NOTE 9: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

Risks arising from holding financial instruments are inherent in the Schemes' activities, and are managed through a process of ongoing identification, measurement and monitoring.

Financial instruments of the Schemes comprise investments in financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss, cash and cash equivalents, broker deposits, net assets attributable to unitholders, and other financial instruments such as receivables and payables, which arise directly from the Schemes' operations.

The Responsible Entity is responsible for identifying and controlling the risks that arise from these financial instruments. The Schemes are exposed to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk.

The risks are measured using a method that reflects the expected impact on the results and net assets attributable to unitholders of the Schemes from reasonably possible changes in the relevant risk variables. Information about these risk exposures for the financial year is provided below. Where the Schemes have material risk exposures, risk sensitivity analysis is presented for illustrative purposes. Information about the total fair value of financial instruments exposed to risk, as well as compliance with established investment mandate limits, is also monitored by the Responsible Entity. These mandate limits reflect the investment strategy and market environment of the Schemes, as well as the level of risk that the Schemes are willing to accept.

The management of these risks is carried out by AMP Capital Investors Limited, as investment manager, including at its investment committees, under policies adopted by the Responsible Entity.

As part of its risk management strategy, the Schemes may use derivatives to manage certain risk exposures.

FD INTERNATIONAL SHARE FUNDS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

NOTE 9: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

Concentrations of risk arise when a number of financial instruments or contracts are entered into with the same counterparty, or where a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities, or activities in the same geographic region, or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions.

To avoid excessive concentrations of risk, the Schemes monitor their exposure to ensure concentrations of risk remain within acceptable levels and either reduces exposure or uses derivative financial instruments to manage the excessive risk concentrations when they arise.

The Responsible Entity's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Schemes' ability to continue as a going concern, so it can continue to provide returns to unitholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Responsible Entity may reinvest distributions. The Schemes do not have any externally imposed capital requirements.

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will fail to perform contractual obligations under a contract.

The Schemes' maximum credit risk exposure at balance date in relation to each class of recognised financial asset is the carrying amount of those assets as indicated in the Statements of Financial Position. This does not represent the maximum risk exposure that could arise in the future as a result of changes in values, but best represents the maximum exposure at the balance date.

In relation to investments in equity securities and managed investment funds, the credit risk associated with these financial instruments is minimised by undertaking transactions with counterparties on recognised exchanges, and ensuring that, where possible, transactions are undertaken with a number of counterparties to avoid a concentration of credit risk.

In relation to derivative financial instruments, the credit risk associated with these financial instruments is minimised by undertaking transactions with counterparties on recognised exchanges, and ensuring that, where possible, transactions are undertaken with a number of counterparties to avoid a concentration of credit risk. Credit risk associated with non-exchange traded derivative financial instruments is minimised through the use of master netting agreements, and ensuring that, where possible, transactions are undertaken with a number of counterparties to avoid a concentration of credit risk.

Credit risk is not considered to be significant to the Schemes. Receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis. The Schemes' exposure to bad debts is not significant.

The Schemes hold no collateral as security or any other credit enhancements, other than broker deposits. There are no financial assets that are past due or impaired, or would otherwise be past due or impaired except for the terms having been renegotiated.

Listed securities on loan

Certain listed securities are on loan as part of securities lending program that the Schemes participate in, as recognised in the Statements of Financial Position. As at 31 December 2019, the total value of the listed securities on loan are fully collateralised and are held by the Schemes' custodian, BNP Paribas Fund Services Australasia. Listed securities of the Schemes may be lent to approved borrowers, such as brokers and other financial institutions. The borrower lodges collateral against the securities lent either in the form of cash or approved securities.

The risks of securities lending include the risk that the borrower may not provide additional collateral when required or may not return the securities when due. To mitigate the risks associated with securities lending, the Schemes have been provided with borrower default indemnities by BNP Paribas Securities Services, acting as the Security Lending Agent. The indemnity allows for full replacement of securities lent in the case of a borrower default.

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Schemes will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities as and when they fall due.

The Schemes manage liquidity risk by monitoring application and redemption requests to ensure sufficient liquidity is available; investing in financial instruments which under normal market conditions are readily convertible to cash; and maintaining sufficient cash and cash equivalents to meet normal operating requirements.

Maturity analysis for financial liabilities

Financial liabilities of the Schemes comprise trade and other payables, distributions payable, derivative financial instruments and net assets attributable to unitholders. Trade and other payables and distributions payable have no contractual maturities but are typically settled within 30 days.

Net assets attributable to unitholders are payable on demand, however the Responsible Entity has the power under each Scheme's Constitution to amend the timing of redemption payments.

FD INTERNATIONAL SHARE FUNDS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

NOTE 9: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

(b) Liquidity risk (continued)

Maturity analysis for financial liabilities (continued)

Derivative financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss are held for trading as they are held for the purposes of:

- reducing risks which may occur as a result of changes in interest rates, credit risk, equity prices, currency movements or other factors; and/or
- gaining exposure to physical investments.

Although they have contractual maturities, management's expectation is that they will typically dispose of them within a shorter period of time.

Maturities of gross settled derivative financial instruments

The table below details the Schemes' derivative financial instruments (assets and liabilities) into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	Less than 1 month \$	1-3 months \$	3-12 months \$	Greater than 1 year \$	Total \$
FD International Share Fund 1					
31 December 2019					
Inflows	97,672,214	271,345	-	-	97,943,559
(Outflows)	(98,433,386)	-	-	-	(98,433,386)
31 December 2018					
Inflows	55,061,545	-	-	-	55,061,545
(Outflows)	(54,505,350)	(777,095)	-	-	(55,282,445)
FD International Share Fund 3					
31 December 2019					
Inflows	19,359,489	-	-	-	19,359,489
(Outflows)	(19,354,056)	-	-	-	(19,354,056)
31 December 2018					
Inflows	3,028,183	-	-	-	3,028,183
(Outflows)	(3,040,857)	-	-	-	(3,040,857)

(c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market variables such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and equity prices.

Market risk is managed and monitored using sensitivity analysis, and minimised through ensuring that all investment activities are undertaken in accordance with established mandate limits and investment strategies.

Australian Accounting Standards require the disclosure of sensitivity to changes in market risk variables such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and equity prices. This sensitivity is not intended to show the impact on the Schemes' financial performance for the entire period, just an illustrative example of the direct impact of a change in the value of the financial instruments measured at the balance date as a result of the change in market rate. The sensitivity is required to show the impact of a reasonably possible change in market rate over the period to the subsequent balance date. It is not intended to illustrate a remote, worst case or stress test scenario.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair values of financial instruments.

The interest rate sensitivity for cash and cash equivalents is not significant to the Schemes.

FD INTERNATIONAL SHARE FUNDS

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019**

NOTE 9: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

(c) Market risk (continued)

Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the value of monetary securities denominated in currencies other than the Australian dollar will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The risk is measured using sensitivity analysis.

The table below demonstrates the impact of a 10% movement in the exchange rate against the Australian dollar on the net profit/(loss) attributable to unitholders and net assets attributable to unitholders, with all other variables held constant. It is assumed that the relevant change occurs at the balance date.

	Effect on net assets attributable to unitholders and net profit/(loss) attributable to unitholders after tax expense and before finance costs	
	-10%	+10%
	\$	\$
FD International Share Fund 1		
31 December 2019	(52,176)	52,176
31 December 2018	(132,066)	132,066
FD International Share Fund 3		
31 December 2019	(1,318,587)	1,318,587
31 December 2018	(2,392,677)	2,392,677

The foreign exchange risk relating to non-monetary assets and liabilities is a component of price risk.

Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value of equity securities, equity derivatives and managed investment funds decreases as a result of changes in market prices, whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual equity securities or managed investment funds or factors affecting all financial instruments in the market. Price risk exposure arises from the Schemes' investment portfolios. Where non-monetary financial instruments are denominated in currencies other than the Australian dollar, the price in the future will also fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

Price risk is managed by monitoring compliance with established investment mandate limits.

All securities present a risk of loss of capital. The maximum risk resulting from equity securities and managed investment funds is determined by the fair value of the financial instruments. The maximum risk resulting from equity derivatives is determined by reference to the notional value of the financial instruments.

The table below demonstrates the impact of a 10% movement in the price of units in equity securities, equity derivatives and managed investment funds. This sensitivity analysis has been performed to assess the direct risk of holding equity securities, equity derivatives and managed investment funds with all other variables held constant. It is assumed that the relevant change occurs at the balance date.

	Price Risk	
	-10%	+10%
	\$	\$
FD International Share Fund 1		
31 December 2019	(33,846,531)	33,846,531
31 December 2018	(35,891,641)	35,891,641
FD International Share Fund 3		
31 December 2019	(85,714,620)	85,714,620
31 December 2018	(76,153,149)	76,153,149

FD INTERNATIONAL SHARE FUNDS

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019**

NOTE 9: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

(d) Fair value measurement

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value are categorised under a three-level hierarchy, reflecting the availability of observable market inputs when estimating the fair value. If different levels of inputs are used to measure a financial asset or liability's fair value, the classification within the hierarchy is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The three levels are:

Level 1: Valued by reference to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. These quoted prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

Level 2: Valued using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices).

Financial instruments that trade in markets that are not considered to be active but are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within Level 2. These may include investment grade corporate bonds, certain unlisted unit trusts and over-the-counter derivatives.

Level 3: Valued in whole or in part using valuation techniques or models that are based on unobservable inputs that are neither supported by prices from observable current market transactions in the same instrument nor are they based on available market data. Unobservable inputs are determined based on the best information available, which might include the Schemes' own data, reflecting the Schemes' own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. Valuation techniques are used to the extent that observable inputs are not available.

The table below shows the Schemes' financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis by each level of the fair value hierarchy. The Schemes did not measure any financial assets or liabilities at fair value on a non-recurring basis as at 31 December 2019 (31 December 2018: nil).

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
FD International Share Fund 1				
31 December 2019				
Listed securities	332,410,113	-	-	332,410,113
Listed securities on loan	6,055,196	-	-	6,055,196
Derivative financial assets	271,345	688,425	-	959,770
Derivative financial liabilities	-	(1,464,078)	-	(1,464,078)
Total	338,736,654	(775,653)	-	337,961,001
31 December 2018				
Listed securities	352,368,562	-	-	352,368,562
Listed Securities on loan	6,547,846	-	-	6,547,846
Derivative financial assets	-	932,679	-	932,679
Derivative financial liabilities	(777,095)	(386,461)	-	(1,163,556)
Total	358,139,313	546,218	-	358,685,531

FD INTERNATIONAL SHARE FUNDS

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019**

NOTE 9: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

(d) Fair value measurement (continued)

	Level 1 \$	Level 2 \$	Level 3 \$	Total \$
FD International Share Fund 3				
31 December 2019				
Listed securities	768,250,177	-	-	768,250,177
Listed securities on loan	88,896,022	-	-	88,896,022
Derivative financial assets	-	81,335	-	81,335
Derivative financial liabilities	-	(75,875)	-	(75,875)
Total	<u>857,146,199</u>	<u>5,460</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>857,151,659</u>
31 December 2018				
Listed securities	731,071,066	-	-	731,071,066
Listed securities on loan	30,460,427	-	-	30,460,427
Derivative financial assets	-	756	-	756
Derivative financial liabilities	-	(13,436)	-	(13,436)
Total	<u>761,531,493</u>	<u>(12,680)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>761,518,813</u>

The Schemes recognise transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period during which the transfer has occurred.

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy during the financial year ended 31 December 2019 (financial year ended 31 December 2018: nil).

Valuation techniques

The valuation techniques and inputs used in measuring the fair value of financial assets and liabilities are outlined in Note 1(c) and 1(d).

There were no material changes in valuation techniques during the financial year.

NOTE 10: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Schemes had no commitments or contingencies at 31 December 2019 (31 December 2018: nil).

NOTE 11: EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER THE BALANCE DATE

Since 31 December 2019, there have been no matters or circumstances not otherwise dealt with in the Financial Report that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the Schemes.

NOTE 12: AUTHORISATION OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT

The Financial Report of the Schemes for the financial year ended 31 December 2019 was authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Directors of AMP Capital Funds Management Limited on 12 March 2020.

FD INTERNATIONAL SHARE FUNDS

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

In accordance with a resolution of the Directors of AMP Capital Funds Management Limited, the Responsible Entity, I state that for the purpose of section 295(4) of the Corporations Act, in the opinion of the Directors of the Responsible Entity:

FD International Share Fund 1

FD International Share Fund 3

- (a) The Financial Statements and notes are in accordance with the Corporations Act, including section 296 (compliance with accounting standards) and section 297 (true and fair view);
- (b) There are reasonable grounds to believe that the Schemes will be able to pay their debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- (c) The Financial Statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards applicable to annual reporting as disclosed in Note 1(a).



Director
12 March 2020, Sydney



**Building a better
working world**

Ernst & Young
200 George Street
Sydney NSW 2000 Australia
GPO Box 2646 Sydney NSW 2001

Tel: +61 2 9248 5555
Fax: +61 2 9248 5959
ey.com/au

Independent Auditor's Report to the unitholders of FD International Share Funds

Opinion

For the following FD International Share Funds (the "Schemes"):

- ▶ FD International Share Fund 1
- ▶ FD International Share Fund 3

We have audited the financial reports of the Schemes, which comprise the statements of financial position as at 31 December 2019, the statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in net assets attributable to unitholders and statements of cash flows for the year then ended, notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial reports of the Schemes are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- a) giving a true and fair view of the Schemes' financial position as at 31 December 2019 and of their financial performance for the year ended on that date; and
- b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Schemes in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the "Code") that are relevant to our audits of the financial reports in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon

The directors of AMP Capital Funds Management Limited as the Responsible Entity of the Schemes (the "Responsible Entity") are responsible for the other information. The other information is the directors' report accompanying the financial reports.



Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon (cont.)

Our opinion on the financial reports does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audits of the financial reports, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial reports or our knowledge obtained in the audits or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for the preparation of the financial reports that give a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial reports that give a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial reports, the directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for assessing the Schemes' ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Schemes or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial reports as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial reports.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audits. We also:

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report (cont.)

- ▶ Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial reports, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- ▶ Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audits in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Responsible Entity's internal control.
- ▶ Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- ▶ Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Schemes' ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial reports or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Schemes to cease to continue as a going concern.
- ▶ Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial reports, including the disclosures, and whether the financial reports represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audits and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audits.



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Ernst & Young

Mark Jones
Partner
Sydney
12 March 2020